Capita Markets Story

May 2021 including Q1 2021 financials

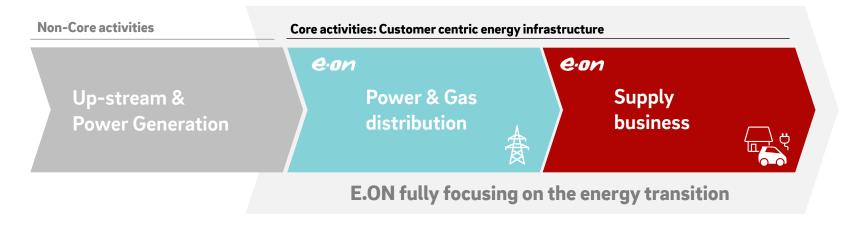
eon

Our purpose

eon

Energy fuels human progress. At E.ON, we're doing everything we can to make the future better and to enable our networks and energy solutions to connect people with one another.

E.ON business model fully focused on the energy transition





E.ON's two core businesses

Energy Networks



∽€35bn Regulated Asset Base

Germany €22.4bn Sweden €4.8bn CEE & Turkey €7.7bn¹

~78 GW renewables capacity

connected to E.ON networks

~20% of renewable assets in Europe

connected to E.ON networks





~53m customers across Europe²

Germany 13.9m UK 10.3m³ Other ~28m

∽33% of adj. EBIT⁴ from decentral energy infrastructure

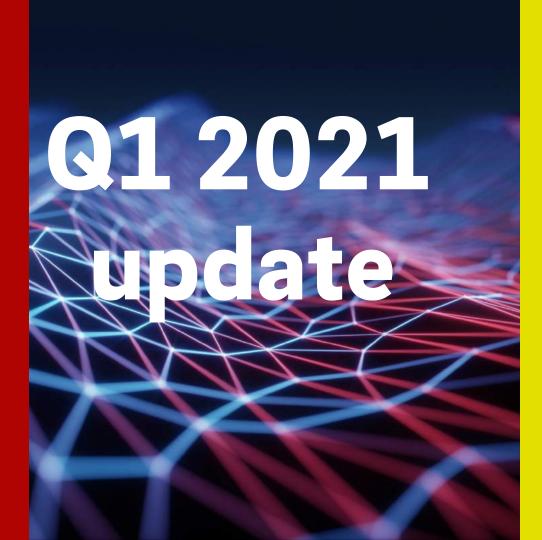
Market leading positions with 4x Top 1 and 3x Top 2 in energy retail

1. 100% view for Slovakia and Turkey 2. Including at-equity participations; earnings of Customer Solutions business of Croatia, Slovenia and VSEH allocated to Energy Networks due to size 3. To standardize reporting, the definition of customers was adjusted 4. Adjusted for non-operating effects, FY 2020

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eon

Key focus areas of our new CEO

Growth

- Grow power RAB by 4-5% p.a. until 2023 and beyond
- Grow Energy Infrastructure Solutions EBIT by 15% (CAGR 2021-2023)
- Capitalize on opportunities from EU recovery and Green deal

Sustainability

- Make ESG an anchoring theme in everything we do
- Define clear path to net zero by 2040
- Increase transparency on E.ON's sustainability efforts

Digitalization

- Apply technologies to radically change the way we operate
- Drive innovative & digital business models
- Achieve cost leadership through digital platforms

German onshore connected to E.ON grid

>65%





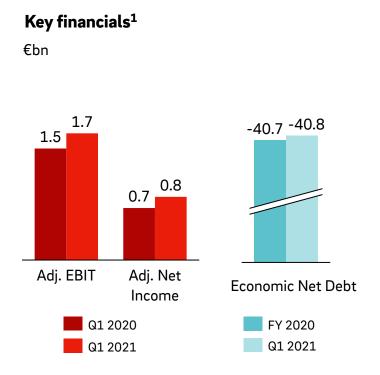
1. Adjusted for non-operating effects

Operationally and financially strong first quarter 2021

Highlights

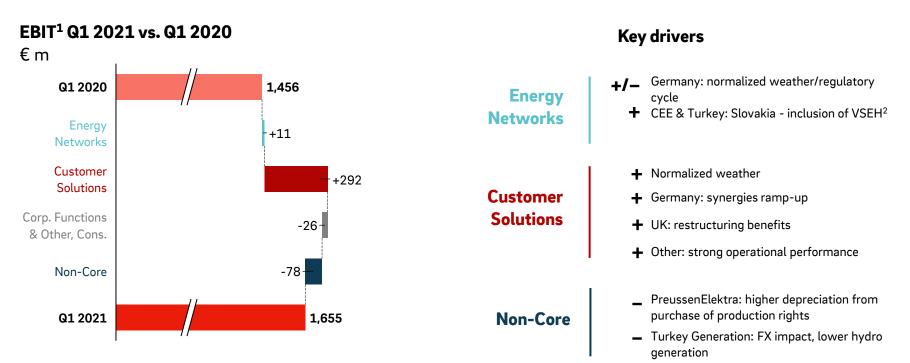


- **Strong performance in Q1 2021** due to excellent operations including progress on synergies, normalized weather and expected Covid-19 impact
- **Deleveraging progressing as planned** with significant improvement in pension provisions, compensated by expected seasonal working capital development
- **E**
- FY 2021 **guidance**, mid-term targets including synergies and dividend policy **confirmed**



E.ON Q1 2021 results

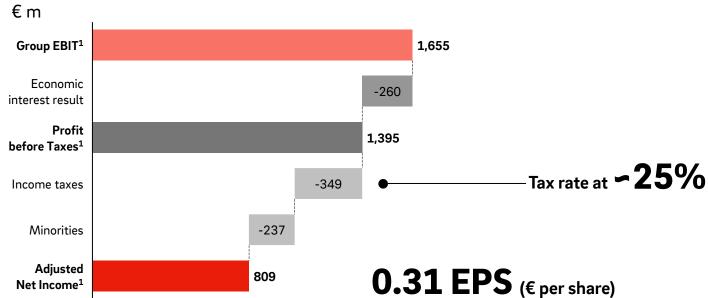
Significant EBIT growth driven by Customer Solutions



1. Adjusted for non-operating effects 2. Slovakian business acquired from RWE in Q3 2020 as part of the innogy takeover

E.ON Q1 2021 results

Adjusted Net Income amplified by lower refinancing costs

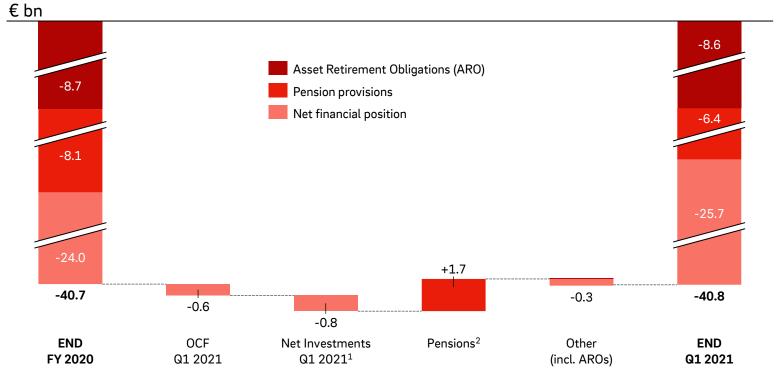


Q1 2021 € m

1. Adjusted for non-operating effects

E.ON Q1 2021 results

END unchanged due to expected seasonal working capital developments



1. Net of divestments 2. Actuarial interest rates for German pensions at 1.2% (vs. 0.8% @ FY 2020), for UK pensions at 2.0% (vs. 1.4% @ FY 2020)

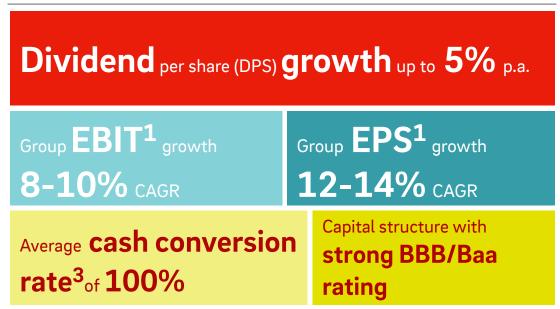
E.ON Q1 2021 results

12

Outlook 2021 and mid-term delivery plan confirmed



2021 – 2023 delivery plan



1. Adjusted for non-operating effects, 2021-2023. 2. Cash-effective investments including Corporate Functions & Other and Non-Core. 3. Excluding provision utilization for nuclear decommissioning, average for 2021-2023

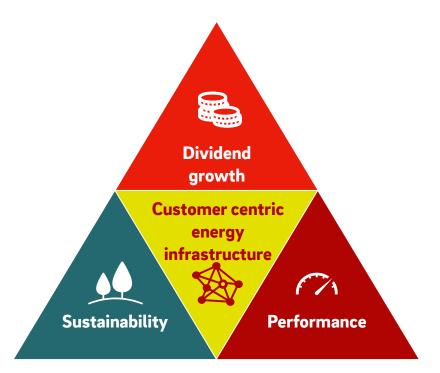
Guidance overview

| €bn | FY 2020 | 2021 | 2021-2023 |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------------|---------------|
| EBITDA ¹ | 6.905 | 7.2-7.4 | 2-3% CAGR |
| Energy Networks | 5.199 | 5.0-5.2 | 7 |
| Customer Solutions | 1.006 | 1.4-1.6 | 7 |
| Non-Core | 0.925 | 0.8-1.0 | R |
| Corporate Functions & Other | -0.225 | ~-0.2 | R |
| EBIT ¹ | 3.776 | 3.8-4.0 | 8-10% CAGR |
| Core EBIT | 3.363 | | 11-13% CAGR |
| Energy Networks | 3.253 | 2.9-3.1 | N |
| Customer Solutions | 0.454 | 0.8-1.0 | 7 |
| Non-Core | 0.413 | 0.2-0.4 | R |
| Corporate Functions & Other | -0.344 | ~-0.3 | R |
| ANI ¹ | 1.638 | 1.7-1.9 | 12-14% CAGR |
| EPS ¹ | €0.63 | €0.65-0.73 | 12-14% CAGR |
| Dividend | €0.47 | up to 5% p.a. | up to 5% p.a. |
| Capex ² | 4.171 | ~4.9 | -14 |
| Energy Networks | 3.386 | ~3.3 | ~10.3 |
| Customer Solutions | 0.790 | ~1.0 | ~2.8 |
| Debt factor | 5.9x | | 4.8x-5.2x |

1. Adjusted for non-operating effects 2. Cash-effective investments including Corporate Functions & Other and Non-Core

Investment highlights

Why invest in E.ON?



We commit to a sustainable dividend per share growth of up to 5% annually until 2023 and further growth beyond



We are the green investment opportunity and we enable the energy transition

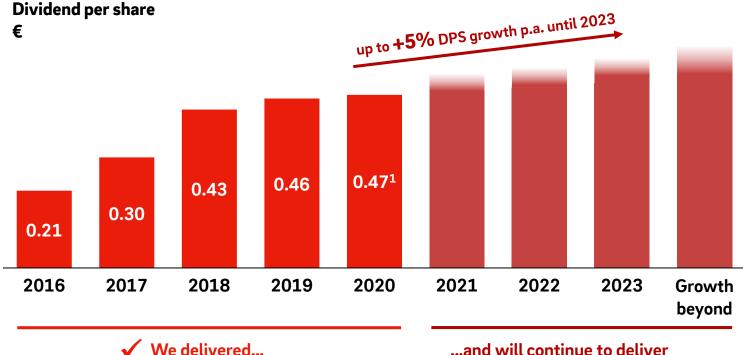


We focus on customer centric energy infrastructure which is the core of our resilient portfolio



Performance culture is part of our DNA and we continuously deliver on operational excellence

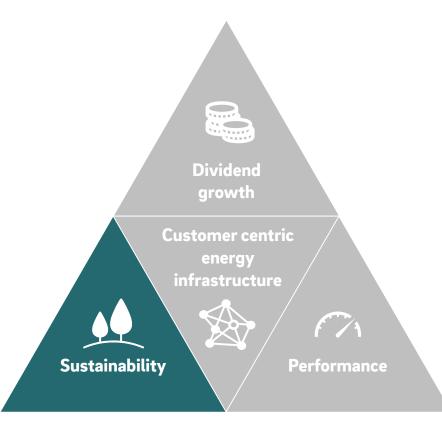
We commit to annually grow the dividend, also beyond 2023



...and will continue to deliver

1. Proposal to 2021 AGM

Why invest in E.ON?



Net zero is the new normal – E.ON is driving carbon reduction

Global challenges

IPCC¹ long term goal to limit global warming to **1.5°C**

German greenhouse gas emissions to be cut by **55% by 2030**²

Green Deal: The EU will be climate neutral by **2050**

E.ON's contribution

Focus SDGs⁵

11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES

13 CLIMATE ACTION

Avoided emissions together with our clients $_{2020:}$ **~100m tons CO**₂

One out of five renewable assets in Europe³ connected to E.ON's grids

E.ON will become carbon neutral⁴ by **2040**

1. Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change 2. Pre Green Deal 3. Considering EU27 4. Carbon neutrality by 2040 (Scope 1 and 2), 75% carbon reduction by 2030 (Scope 1 and 2), 50% carbon reduction (Scope 3) by 2030, carbon neutrality by 2050 (including Scope 3). Base year: 2019 pro forma 5. UN Sustainable Development Goals

Achievements across all sustainability dimensions



2020: **7%** reduction in Scope 1 & 2 & **-100m tons** of CO2 avoided with our clients



80-85% EU taxonomy aligned capex (2021-23)¹



>65% German onshore & >50% German renewables connected to E.ON grid



20% female representation in management board²21% women managers

New remuneration system³ aligned with **ESG targets**



Significant progress in integrating climate & non-financial risks



Reporting integrated





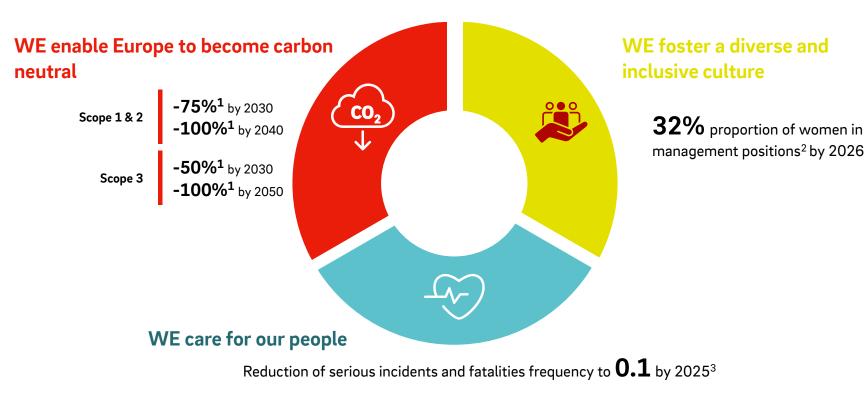


Preparation to receive validation



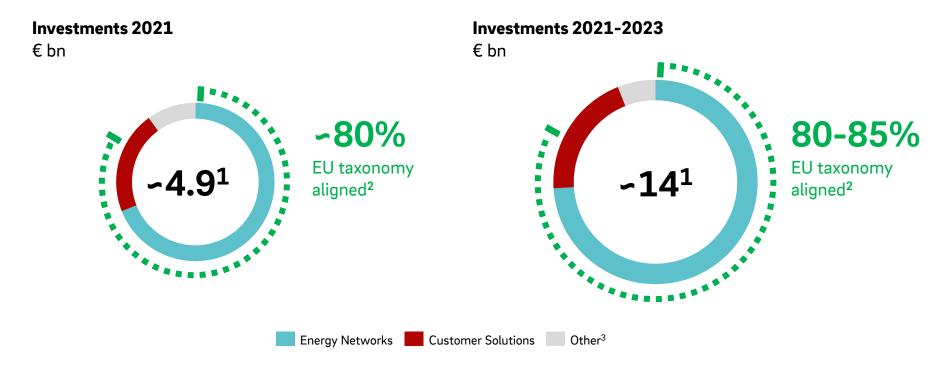
Paper published

We take sustainability as our guiding principle

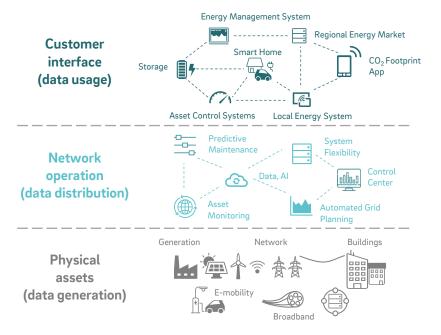


1. With reference to 2019 figures: Scope 1: 3.88m tons CO_{2eq} , Scope 2: 4.82m tons CO_{2eq} and Scope 3: 120.27m tons CO_{2eq} 2. Reflection of overall proportion of women in the workforce 3. Serious incidents and fatalities frequency (SIF) was 0.12 in 2020

80-85% of investments aligned with EU taxonomy



Decentralization means digitalization and efficiency potential



Decentralization drives system complexity

E.ON provides digital solutions to capitalize on it

EnergieMonitor & Klima-Navi

Transparency about CO_2 -footprint and impact of energy transition to municipalities and customers



Predictive Maintenance

Data-driven decisions with machine learning and artificial intelligence

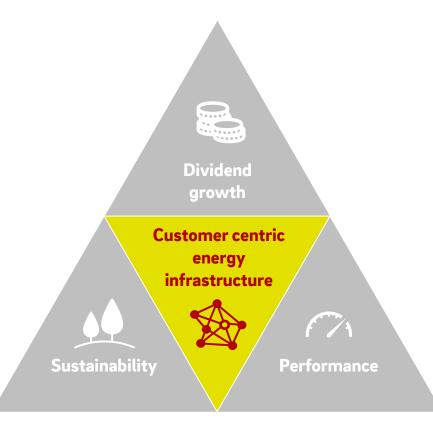
Grid Smartification

Intelligent substation and sensors collects real-time data from networks to enhance grid management

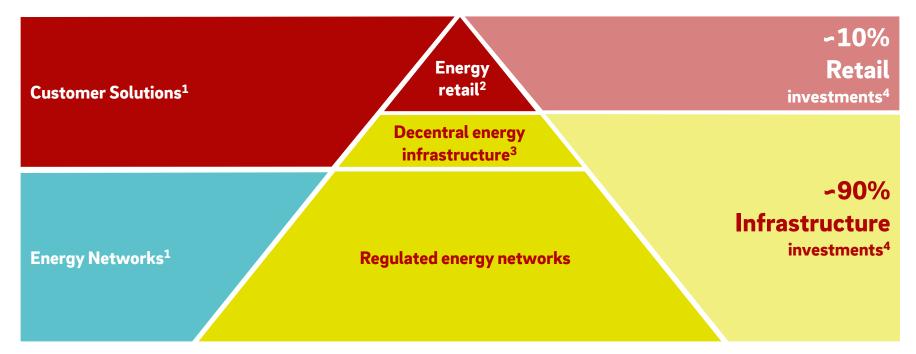




Why invest in E.ON?



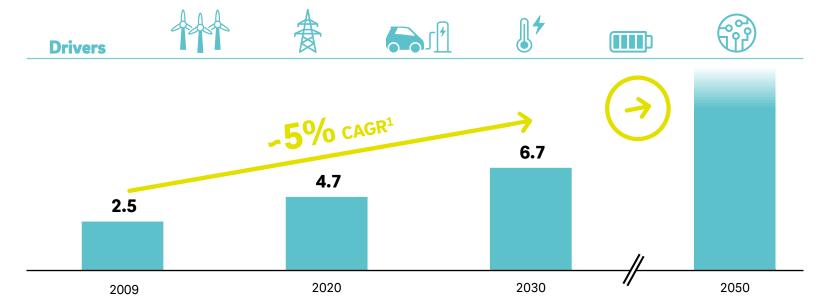
Infrastructure is at the heart of E.ON's capital allocation



1. IFRS segments used in external reporting 2. Includes Energy Sales and Services and New Solutions 3. Includes Energy Infrastructure Solutions 4. Excludes investments in Corporate Functions & Other and Non-Core

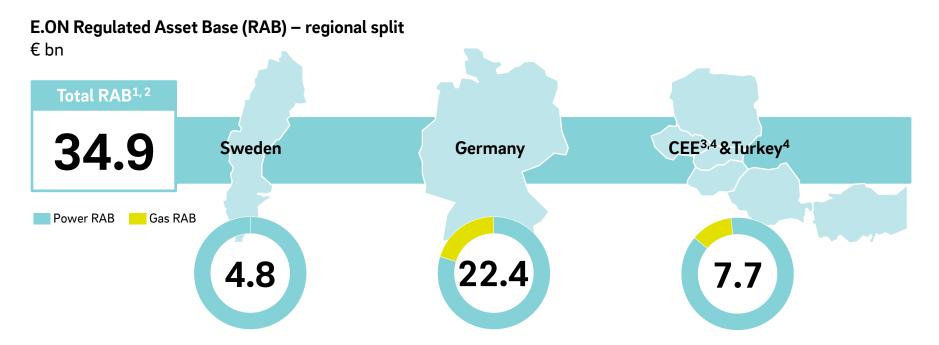
Energy transition driving multi-decade investment opportunities

Industry investments in German power distribution networks excluding Green Deal upside € bn



Source: Historic values: Bundesnetzagentur Monitoringbericht 2019. Future outlook: dena-Leitstudie Integrierte Energiewende 1. Assuming 2% inflation beyond 2020

E.ON is the leading energy network company in Northern and Central Europe



 RAB is the value of all distribution assets determined by the regulator. In general, RABs from different regulatory regimes are not directly comparable due to significant methodical differences. These include for example different regulatory asset lifetimes, asset valuation methods or treatment of customer contributions for network connections.
 Differences may occur due to rounding 3. Central Eastern Europe including: Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, Romania, Slovakia 4. 100% view for Slovakia and Turkey

Long-term RAB growth with further upside potential

E.ON Regulated Asset Base¹ growth €bn **Power** 4-5% 34.9 Multi-decade growth potential stemming from mega-trends CAGR² 🕢 Gas 29.4 **Power** Optimizing our existing gas asset base with limited investment needs Future growth option from hydrogen Gas 5.5 2020 2023 Bevond

1. RAB is the value of all distribution assets determined by the regulator. In general, RABs from different regulatory regimes are not directly comparable due to significant methodical differences. These include for example different regulatory asset lifetimes, asset valuation methods or treatment of customer contributions for network connections, including 100% view for Turkey and Slovakia. 2. Relates to power RAB, assumes constant year-end 2020 FX-rates, excludes Hungarian restructuring

Three years of regulatory stability

2024 2021 2022 2023 2025 2026 2027 2028 Germany (Gas) Slovakia¹ Poland² Turkev **Czech Republic** Hungary³ Romania Germanv ∽90% of the Energy Networks (Power) EBIT⁴ is highly visible until 2024 Sweden

Regulatory periods per country

Length of upcoming regulatory period still under discussion
 Regulatory period: 2016-2020, prolonged by 'transition' year 2021 and most likely also 2022
 Regulatory period power starting Apr 1st, 2021. Regulatory period gas starting Oct 1st, 2021.
 Based on Energy Networks EBIT 2020, adj. for non-operating effects

We successfully manage regulatory reviews

Regulatory updates in CEE & Turkey from 2021¹ onwards



- new WACC: ∽6.5% (nominal)
 - new WACC: ∽3.4% (real)

new WACC: ~12.3% (real)

new WACC: ~6.4% (real)



- Increased eligible Capex and Opex
- Introduction of regulatory account in Poland
- Bonus WACC of 1-2pp for smart investments in Poland and Romania
- Incentives for grid quality and EU funding



Earnings successfully retained

Energy Networks Germany - Earnings components

- Illustrative average EBITDA¹ split (2020-2023) -Illustrative average EBIT¹ split (2020-2023) Regulated return **Regulated return** 0 - 10% and depreciation² and depreciation² 0 - 15% ~30% -35% ~10% ~10% ~50% -60% -10% ~15% ~10% -15% **Regulated** income **Regulated** income from participations⁴ from participations⁴ Operational Efficiency Adjacent business³ Other earnings / temporary effects

1. Adjusted for non-operating effects 2. Includes return on RAB, difference between regulatory and IFRS D&A and revenues for grid expansion 3. Adjacent business includes e.g. water business, broadband, smart meter and technical network services 4. Consolidated at-equity / at-cost

Exemplary earnings components – more than return on RAB

— Illustrative EBIT composition^{1,2}—

| CAPEX | (driven | Performance driven | Timing and other effects | Non-regulated | |
|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| 70% | - 80% | 5% - 10% | 5% -10% | ∽5% | |
| | | | | | |
| Base allowed earnings (RAB x WACC) | Depreciation difference (Reg. – IFRS) | OPEX performance & incentive earnings | Timing effects Other (regulated) | Additional Other businesses (non-regulated) | EBIT Energy Networks (Excl. Germany) |

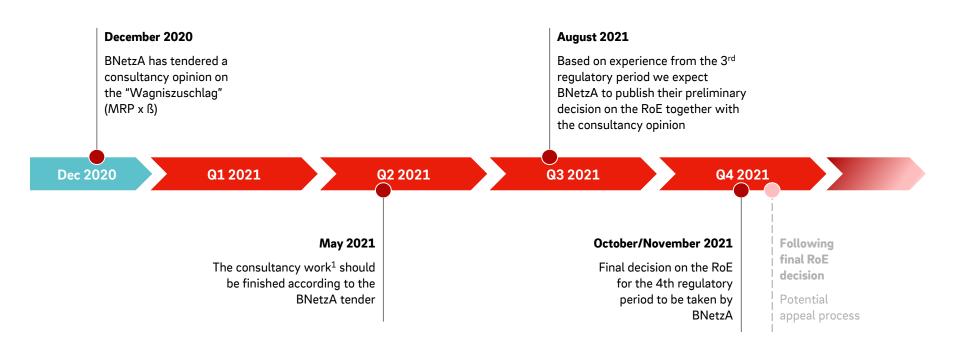
1. Consolidated EBIT composition for all Energy Networks countries (excluding Germany and Croatia).

2. Turkey, Slovakia ZSE and VSE with 100% view, while excluding CS business.

Impact of rising interest rates and inflation on regulated earnings

| Time horizon | Impact of increasing interest rates and inflation | | |
|--------------|---|--|--|
| Short-term | \bigcirc | Allowed WACCs/RoE are usually adjusted only once per regulatory period Inflation-indexation in most countries with t+2 time-lag | |
| Mid-term | | Allowed WACCs/RoE to gradually increase (with start of new regulatory periods) due to higher interest rates Positive effect from inflation-indexation (double digit million effect p.a.) | |
| Long-term | | Higher allowed WACCs/RoE with start of new regulatory periods in all countries Sensitivities Allowed WACCs/RoE : +1% in regulatory return rate leads to triple digit million Euro increase of allowed returns p.a. Inflation-indexation: +1% in inflation leads to a high double digit million Euro increase p.a. | |

Key events for upcoming 4th German electricity network regulation period

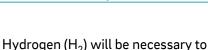


E.ON's view on hydrogen

What we Want...



What we SEE today...







Provide clean & affordable energy to our customers – today and in the future



Shaping the energy transition – by building a smart and flexible energy system which is resilient, secure and efficient H_2 will play a significant role in **inevitable future energy imports**

Support schemes and targets for

electrolyzer capacity (40 GW by 2030) will **accelerate H**₂ **market**

development in the EU

achieve deep decarbonization



 \bigcirc

Developing **future heating systems** to overcome decarbonization challenges

Developing **50+ decentral, integrated**

hydrogen initiatives & projects to

meet customer demand



Preparing our infrastructure to become hydrogen ready



Partnering to shape the **energy transition** (e.g. Clean Hydrogen Alliance & National Hydrogen Council)



Η,

Ramp-up starts today via setting right boundary conditions



Energy Infrastructure Solutions (EIS) Core part and growth driver of Customer Solutions



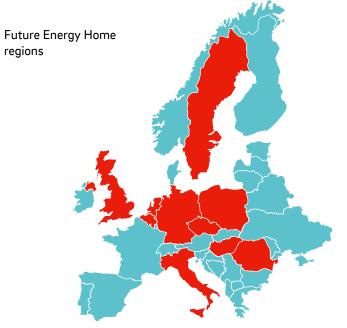
Serving customers all over Europe across 15 countries

| Customers | >1.5 m | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|--|
| # of plants | -4,100 | |
| Heat, chill & steam production | ∽19 TWh | |
| Electricity production | ∽12 TWh | |
| Heat, chill, steam grids | ∽5,000 km | |
| Sales 2020 | ∽€ 2 bn | |
| EBIT CAGR 2021-2023 | ~15% | |

EIS provides energy solutions to four customer segments based on three business models



Future Energy Home (B2C Solutions) New growth area in Customer Solutions



Market leading in Europe serving customers in 10 countries

| | 2020 actuals |
|---|--------------|
| Hardware devices ¹ installed | ~100k |
| Service & maintenance contracts | >1.2m |
| Yearly CO ₂ savings ² | >325 kt |
| E.ON Home app customers ³ | >10,000 |
| Sales 2020 | ∽€ 0.7 bn |
| EBIT CAGR 2021-2023 | >25% |

Future Energy Home and eMobility enable customers to reduce their CO₂ footprint with sustainable energy solutions



Energy bundles

| PV & Storage |
|------------------------|
| E.ON Home App |
| EV charging |
| Home Heating |
| Services & Maintenance |

PV & Storage

Sale and installation of PV & battery with service/energy bundles Battery sales more than doubled in 2020

Home Heating

Sale and installation of efficient heating with service & maintenance Heat pump sales more than doubled in 2020

E.ON Home app

Home energy management app to control energy flows in the home (PV & battery, heat pump, air conditioning, EV charging, smart meter)

eMobility

B2C: Wallbox and services with integration in Future Energy Home ecosystem and time-of-use energy tariffs

B2B/cities: Design, build & operate charging solutions

Operating >13.000 charging points across Europe

B2C: Wallbox, services, energy

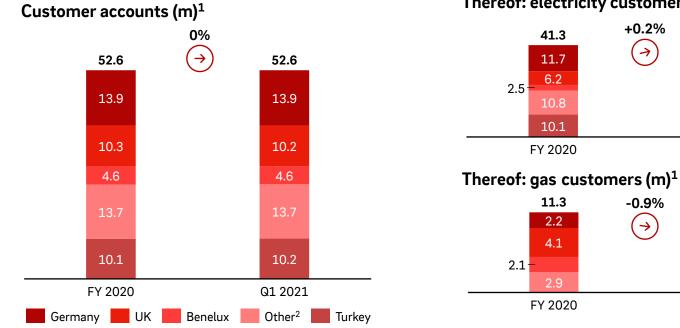
B2B/Cities: Design, build & operate charging solution

eMobility infrastructure (charge on the road)



E.ON Q1 2021 results

Customer numbers B2B & B2C



Thereof: electricity customers (m)¹

41.3

11.7

6.2

10.1

11.3

2.2

4.1

2.9

+0.2%

7

-0.9%

 \rightarrow

41.4

11.7

6.2

10.2

Q1 2021

11.2

2.2

4.0

2.9

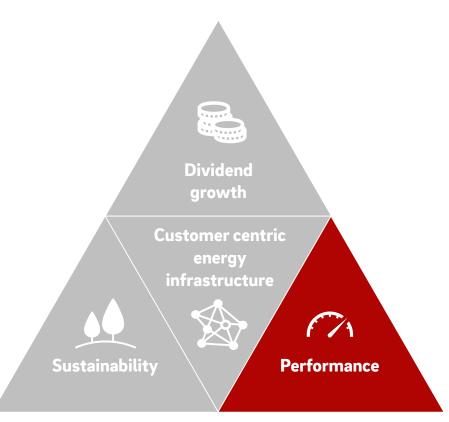
Q1 2021

2.1

2.5

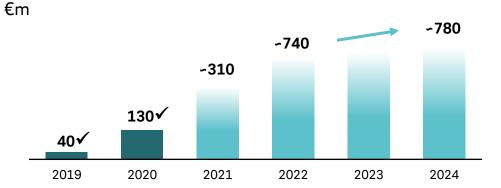
1. Including at-equity participations 2. Incl. Sweden, Italy, Czech Republic, Hungary and Croatia, Romania, Poland, Slovakia

Why invest in E.ON?



Synergy delivery fully on track

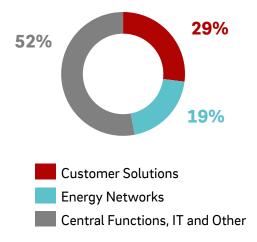
Net synergy targets¹



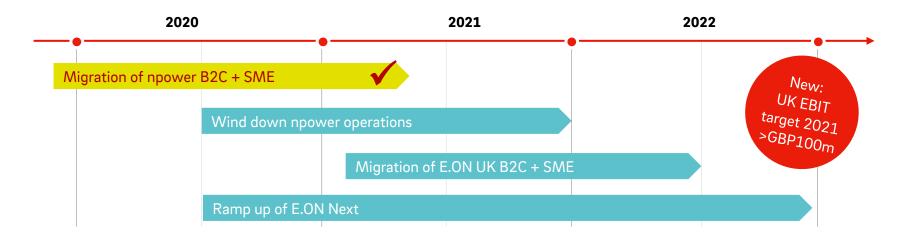
- Transaction completely digested
- \checkmark Central voluntary leave program successfully concluded
- \checkmark Future operating model successfully implemented

1. Net accretive to EBIT, EBIT adjusted for non-operating effects and before implementation costs (implementation costs not included in adjusted EBIT)

Synergy delivery by division



UK transformation ahead of plan



Key achievements

- npower wind down ahead of plan
- All npower customer accounts migrated
- E.ON_{next} operations initiated

Priorities for 2021

- Wind down all npower operations
- Speed up E.ON UK account migration

Renewal of IT architecture to drive operational excellence in Customer Solutions

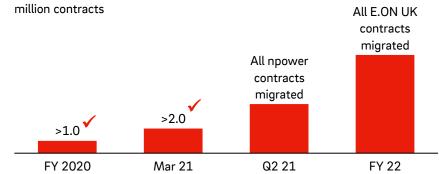
Germany: Substantial ramp up of contracts to digital platform



million contracts of E.ON core brand

- Already today at competitive Cost-to-Serve level
- Ambition: reduction to market leading level at low teens (€/customer)

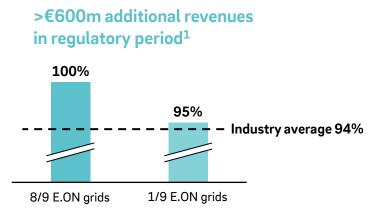
UK: Over 2mn accounts now migrated to the E.ON_{next} platform



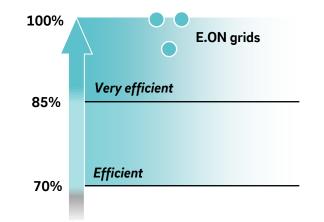
- High customer satisfaction at E.ON_{next} with Trustpilot rating of 4.4 (out of 5)
- E.ON UK migration starting in Q2 2021

E.ON's performance culture adds sustainable value to businesses and customers

German power network efficiency scores



Sweden power network efficiency scores



8/9 E.ON networks obtain a 100% efficiency score, with 3 obtaining a super efficiency bonus

1. Based on $\,{\scriptstyle \checkmark} {\in} 4\text{bn}$ allowed power cost base relevant for efficiency factor

All E.ON grids considered very efficient, with 2/3 being 100% efficient

Financial Update

Strict capital allocation framework leads to sound investment profile

Sustainability focus



Return framework

Sustainability criteria:

✓ Enable energy transition

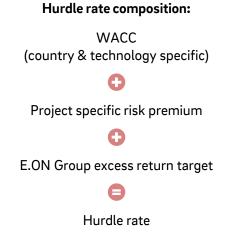
✓ Supporting SDGs¹

 \checkmark Reduce customers' emissions

imes Human rights violations

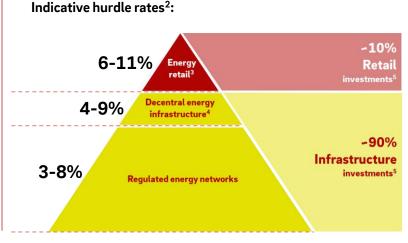
🔀 Carbon heavy generation

imes Environmental degradation



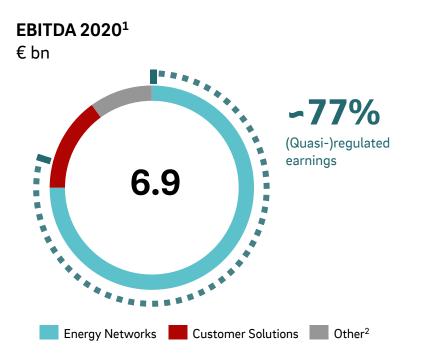






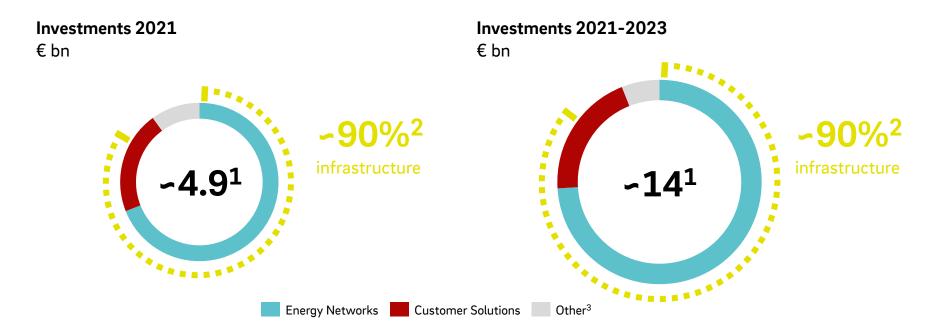
1. UN Sustainable Development Goals 2. Illustrative hurdle rate ranges; post tax. Final hurdle is risk adjusted for each project and might vary 3. Includes New Solutions and Energy Sales and Services 4. Includes City Energy Solutions and B2B Solutions 5. Excludes investments in Corporate Functions & Other and Non-Core

Regulated earnings split share



- Regulated or quasi regulated
 Earnings share of ~77%
- Network operations in countries with **Strong regulatory frameworks**
- Customer Solutions and Energy Networks
 diversified across European countries

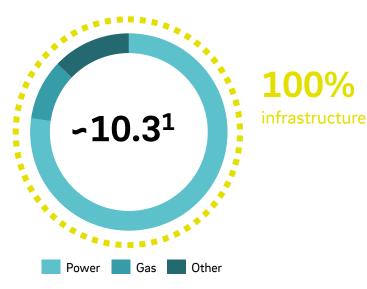
E.ON allocates ~90% of investments to infrastructure



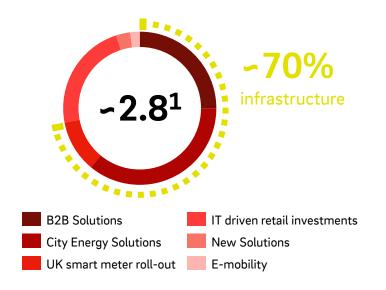
1. Cash-effective investments including Corporate Functions & Other and Non-Core 2. Based on investments in Energy Networks and Customer Solutions 3. Corporate Functions & Other and Non-Core

Investments in Customer Solutions also with strong focus on infrastructure

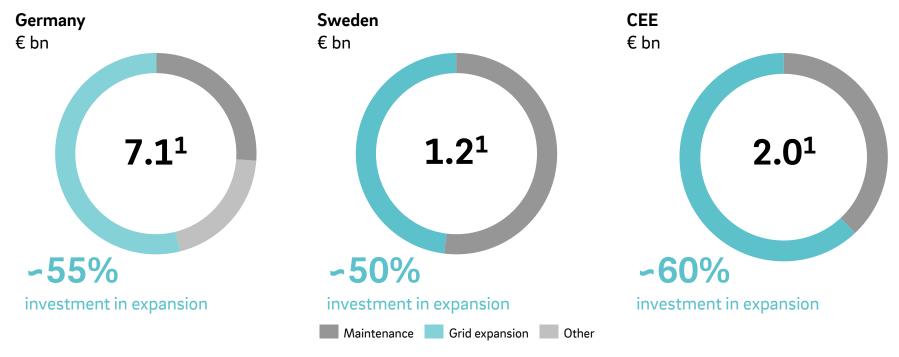
Energy Networks 2021-2023 € bn



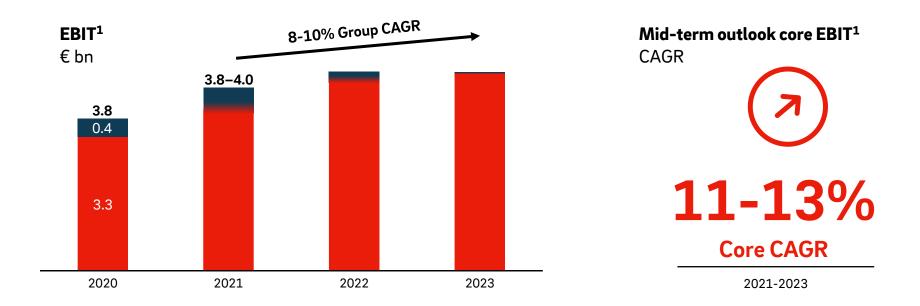
Customer Solutions 2021-2023 € bn



Networks Capex breakdown 2021-2023



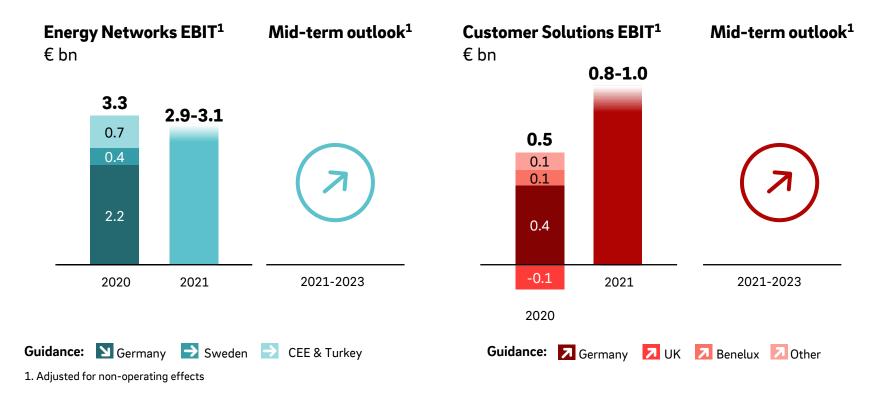
Attractive Group earnings growth driven by core business



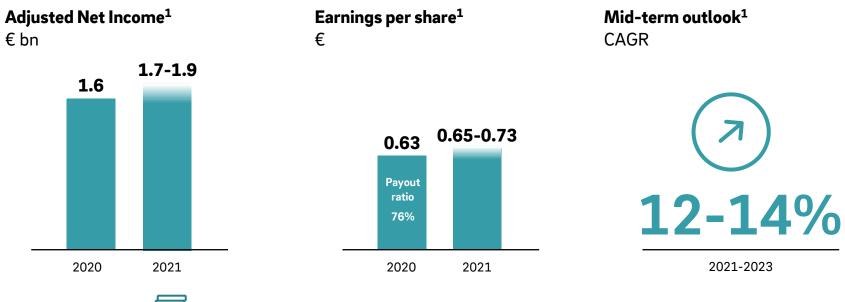
Guidance: 🚺 Core 🔰 Non-Core²

1. Adjusted for non-operating effects 2. In 2023 Non-Core consists of Enerjisa Üretim only - no production of PreussenElektra

Earnings growth resulting from both Energy Networks and Customer Solutions



Strong double digit EPS growth



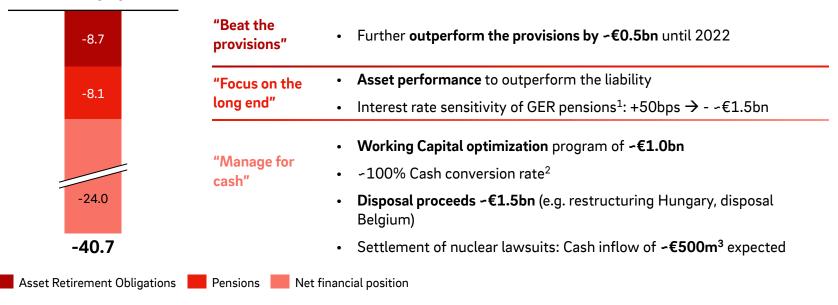
Refinancing benefits until 2023 of -€150m²

1. Adjusted for non-operating effects 2. Amount of refinancing benefits depends largely on refinancing conditions at time of bond issuance

Clear set of deleveraging measures

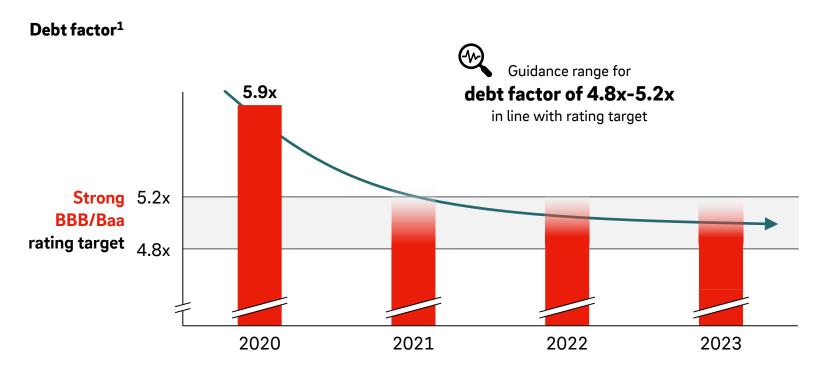
Economic Net Debt

- €bn
- FY 2020



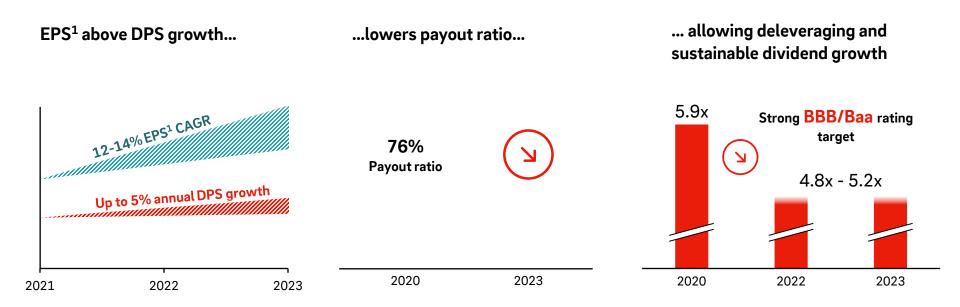
1. Net sensitivity of DBO and assumed interest rate sensitivity of German plan assets. UK pension obligations largely funded 2. Cash Conversion Rate (CCR) = (OCF bIT+ provision utilization nuclear)/EBITDA 3. Including compensation for frustrated investments of €42.5m

Accelerated progress towards debt factor target of 4.8x – 5.2x



1. Economic Net Debt/EBITDA, EBITDA adjusted for non-operating effects. Based on interest rates as of March 22, 2021 with pension discount rates of 1.2% and 1.8% for Germany and the UK respectively

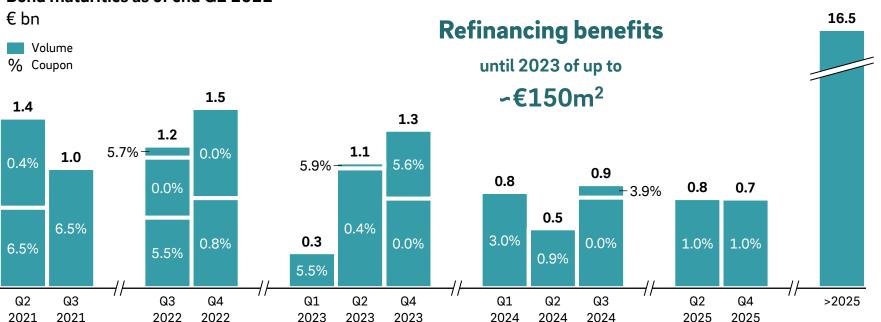
Dividend commitment fully in line with deleveraging



1. Adjusted for non-operating effects

| Funding strategy | | | | |
|------------------|--|---|----|--|
| Volumes | 2021 expected below annual range €2-4bn p.a. | Bond refinancing Cash utilization of asset retirement obligations | | |
| Tenors | 3-12 years preferred | Optimize maturity profile and interest costs Redemptions on any single day capped at €1bn | _ | |
| Green bonds | >50% | Going forward, majority of funding via green bonds aligned with EU Taxonomy | | |
| Currencies | EUR preferred | Predominantly Euro-based asset base | | |
| Diversification | Instrument variety | Regular and green bonds Private placements & promissory notes (Schuldscheindarlehen) Commercial paper | 57 | |

Bond maturities



Bond maturities as of end Q1 2021¹

1. Bonds issued by E.ON SE and E.ON International Finance B.V. (fully guaranteed by E.ON SE); bond issued by innogy Finance B.V. (fully guaranteed by innogy SE) 2. Amount of refinancing benefits depends largely on refinancing conditions at time of bond issuance; amount reflects the benefits compared to FY 2020

Benchmark bonds of E.ON Group as of May 11, 2021¹

| | Volume in millions in | | |
|--|-----------------------|--------|----------|
| lssuer | respective currency | Coupon | Maturity |
| E.ON SE | 750 EUR | 0.375% | Jun-21 |
| E.ON International Finance B.V. | 1,000 EUR | 6.500% | Aug-21 |
| E.ON International Finance B.V. | 500 GBP | 5.500% | Jul-22 |
| E.ON SE | 500 EUR | 0.000% | Sep-22 |
| E.ON SE | 750 EUR | 0.000% | Oct-22 |
| E.ON International Finance B.V. ² | 750 EUR | 0.750% | Nov-22 |
| E.ON SE | 1,000 EUR | 0.375% | Apr-23 |
| E.ON International Finance B.V. | 488 GBP | 5.625% | Dec-23 |
| E.ON SE | 750 EUR | 0.000% | Dec-23 |
| E.ON International Finance B.V. | 800 EUR | 3.000% | Jan-24 |
| E.ON SE | 500 EUR | 0.875% | May-24 |
| E.ON SE | 750 EUR | 0.000% | Aug-24 |
| E.ON International Finance B.V. | 750 EUR | 1.000% | Apr-25 |
| E.ON SE | 750 EUR | 1.000% | Oct-25 |
| E.ON International Finance B.V. | 500 EUR | 1.625% | May-26 |
| E.ON SE | 750 EUR | 0.250% | Oct-26 |
| E.ON SE | 1,000 EUR | 0.375% | Sep-27 |
| E.ON International Finance B.V. | 850 EUR | 1.250% | Oct-27 |

| | Volume in millions in | | |
|--|-----------------------|--------|----------|
| lssuer | respective currency | Coupon | Maturity |
| E.ON SE | 500 EUR | 0.750% | Feb-28 |
| E.ON SE | 600 EUR | 0.100% | Dec-28 |
| E.ON SE | 750 EUR | 1.625% | May-29 |
| E.ON International Finance B.V. | 1,000 EUR | 1.500% | Jul-29 |
| E.ON SE | 750 EUR | 0.350% | Feb-30 |
| E.ON International Finance B.V. | 760 GBP | 6.250% | Jun-30 |
| E.ON SE | 500 EUR | 0.750% | Dec-30 |
| E.ON SE | 500 EUR | 0.875% | Aug-31 |
| E.ON SE | 750 EUR | 0.600% | Oct-31 |
| E.ON SE | 500 EUR | 0.625% | Nov-31 |
| E.ON International Finance B.V. ³ | 975 GBP | 6.375% | Jun-32 |
| E.ON International Finance B.V. | 600 EUR | 5.750% | Feb-33 |
| E.ON International Finance B.V. | 600 GBP | 4.750% | Jan-34 |
| E.ON International Finance B.V. | 900 GBP | 5.875% | Oct-37 |
| E.ON International Finance B.V. ⁴ | 1,000 USD | 6.650% | Apr-38 |
| E.ON International Finance B.V. | 700 GBP | 6.750% | Jan-39 |
| E.ON International Finance B.V. | 1,000 GBP | 6.125% | Jul-39 |
| | | | |

59

1. Only bonds ≥€500m equivalent, all bonds are listed in Luxemburg, with exception of the unlisted USD bond under 144A/Regulation S 2. The bond was increased from €500m to €750m 3. The bond was increased from £975m 4. Bond issued under rule 144A/Regulation S

Maintaining a substantial liquidity buffer is a cornerstone of E.ON's risk management

Large volume of liquidity¹

• € 2.3bn in cash & equivalents

• € 1.2bn in short-term securities

• € 1.8bn of non-current securities

Bond refinancing

- Early refinancings successfully completed
- 2021 funding needs expected to be covered

Back-up RCF available

- Undrawn €3.5bn Revolving Credit Facility (RCF), fully committed by 21 banks, no MAC-clause²
- Extended by one more year until 2025

Key takeaways

Liquidity risk minimized

New Green Bond Framework overview: Framework structure in line with draft EU Green Bond Standard

Green assets & capex

- Electricity Networks (DSO)
- Renewable Energy
- Energy Efficiency
- Clean Transportation

Process for selection of green green assets and capex

- All projects directly contribute to, or enable
 Climate Change Mitigation
- Eligible green activities considering IFRS balance sheet values or CapEx
- DNSH¹ assessment for all eligible activities
- Eligibility assessment overseen by Green Bond committee, chaired by CFO

Management of use-of-proceeds

- E.ON strives to maintain a portfolio matching/ exceeding outstanding green bonds
- Projects will be added on an on-going basis
- Eligible green portfolio monitored by Green Bond Committee



Framework is aligned with the ICMA Green Bond Principles 2018³ Detailed assessment of full EU Taxonomy⁴ alignment in SPO⁵

DNSH: Do no significant harm.
 Limited assurance.
 https://www.icmagroup.org/green-social-and-sustainability-bonds/green-bond-principles-gbp/
 EU classification system for environmentally sustainable economic activities, draft delegated act as published in November 2020.
 SPO: Second party opinion.

Green Bond asset and capex categories

Electricity Networks (DSO)

All distribution infrastructure and equipment in the interconnected European System¹ as EU Taxonomy compliant

Additional assessment on a **grid's 'greenness'**, considering new green grid connections or grid emission factor²

3

Renewable Energy

Renewable energy production and storage including³

- Wind power and solar PV
- **Bioenergy** (Biomass, Biogas and Biofuels)
- Hydrogen production, storage and distribution

Energy Efficiency

Integrated on-site business and city energy solutions, including but not limited to:³

- District heating
- Production of heating/ cooling from waste heat
- Cogeneration of heating/ cooling and electricity from bioenergy and geothermal energy

Clean Transportation

EV charging stations and supporting infrastructure

Green distribution grid activities are the core of E.ON's Green Bond portfolio

1. E.ON will exclude connections other than wind or solar energy as a proxy for connections of energy production facilities > $100g CO_2/kWh = 2. > 67 \%$ of newly connected generation capacity in the system < $100 gCO_2e/kWh$ (rolling five-year period) or average system grid emissions factor < $100g CO_2e/kWh = 3.$ Considering relevant emissions thresholds and requirements from the EU Taxonomy

PreussenElektra – Further ambition to 'beat the provisions'

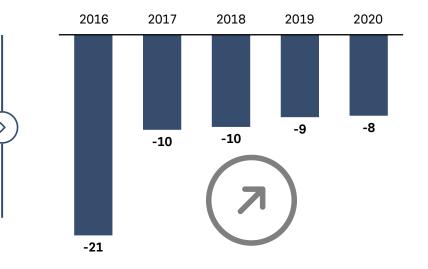
Solid track-record already until 2020

- Bundling of decommissioning activities
- Procurement successes by 'convoy approach'
- Operational progress according to plan

Further optimization already planned and in execution

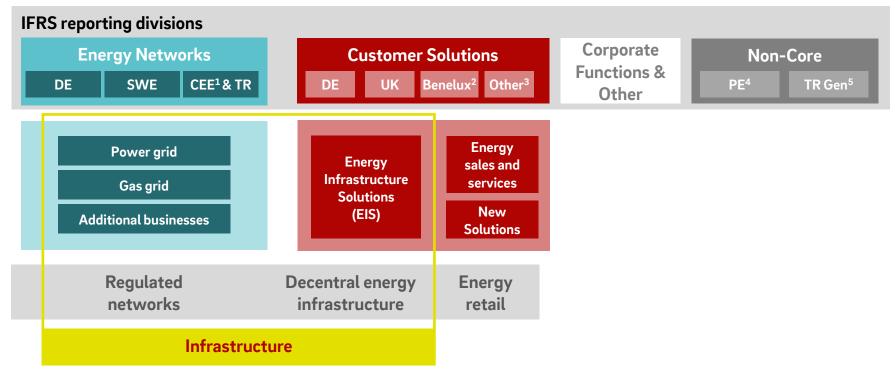
- Decommissioning preparations starting early
- Operational excellence lifting dismantling performance to next level (e.g. by increasing industrialization)

Nuclear Asset Retirement Obligations¹ € bn



Appendix

E.ON business segmentation



1. Central and Eastern Europe, including Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, Romania, Slovakia, Croatia and Slovenia 2. Belgium, The Netherlands and Luxemburg 3. Including Czech Republic, Hungary, Italy, Poland, Romania, Sweden, Turkey 4. PreussenElektra 5. Turkey Generation

Climate targets and progress on GHG emissions

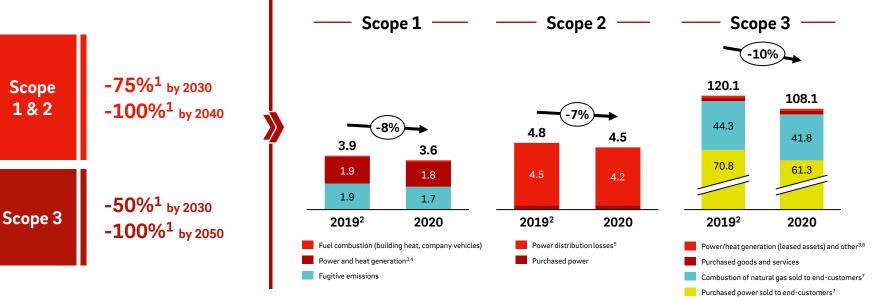
E.ON's commitment

Climate targets communicated

E.ON's progress

GHG emissions development (million metric tons)

66



1. With reference to 2019 figures: Scope 1: 3.88m tons CO_{2eq}, Scope 2: 4.82m tons CO_{2eq} and Scope 3: 120.27m tons CO_{2eq} 2. Prior-year figures have been adjusted due to the subsequent adjustment of certain figures. 3. From 2019 onward, emissions from power and heat generation are divided into emissions from plants owned and operated by E.ON (Scope 1) and emissions from plants leased to, and operated by, customers (Scope 3). 4. The Greenhouse Gas Protocol and DEFRA attribute no direct CO2 emissions to energy generated at renewable facilities and nuclear power stations. This figure includes emissions from power and heat generation from CHP assets leased to B2B customers since 2018. 5. Based on the emission factors of the national electricity mixes for specific regions. 6. Other incl. e.g. employee commuting and business travel 7. Scope 3 emissions from purchased power and the combustion of natural gas sold to end-customers are from energy sold to residential and B2B customers only. Energy sold to sales partners and the wholesale market is not included.

Sustainability reporting 2020

| Integration innogy | C-ON Successful integration in content and data collection process | Sustainability Report 2020 will be fully consolidated reporting |
|------------------------------|--|---|
| | 2019 2020 | |
| Risk Management & TCFD | In 2020 we intensified our efforts to manage the interface between sustainability and risk management. Climate risk assessment was organizationally integrated into the Group's Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM"). | Significant progress in integrating climate and non-financial risks into risk management processes |
| Just Transition | Social impact of climate action has the power to either accelerate or prevent progress to decarbonize the energy sector Just Transition: Just Transition ensures that social issues are taken into account in moving to a low carbon economy. | New climate paper published to support the annual climate- related TCFD disclosure and transparency on Just Transition |
| SASB Reporting | SASB: Industry-specific standards that identify the subset of sustainability-related risks and opportunities most likely to affect a company's financial condition, operating performance or risk profile Interest in SASB by investors & capital market on the rise | Initiated reporting against SASB in Sustainability Report 2020 (excluded from auditors assurance) |
| Impact on SDG | Focus SDGs of core business Further contribution Image: Subscription in the subscripti | E.ON's business with strong positive impact on key SDGs |

E.ON's sustainability ratings



Rating: AA Rated on a AAA to CCC scale High relative performance



ESG Risk Rating: 23.6 Rated on a 0 to 40+ scale Rank 8 out of 55 in subindustry group



Rating: 61 Scored on a 0 to 100 scale Rank 19 out of 61 in industry group, highest performance level ("Advanced")



Rating: C+ Rated on a D- to A+ scale Decile rank 2 in industry group, high relative performance

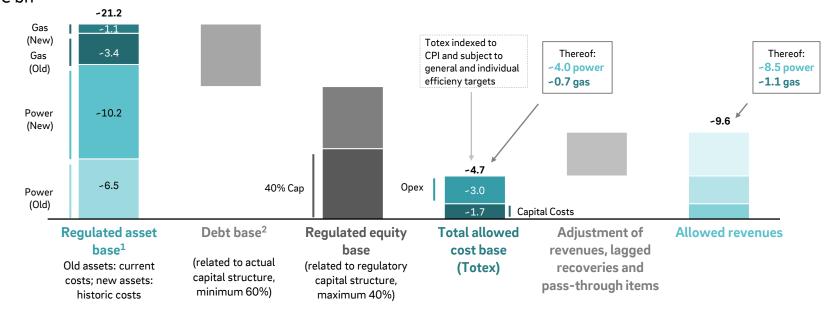
E.ON listed on



A List

Leadership score Top 5%

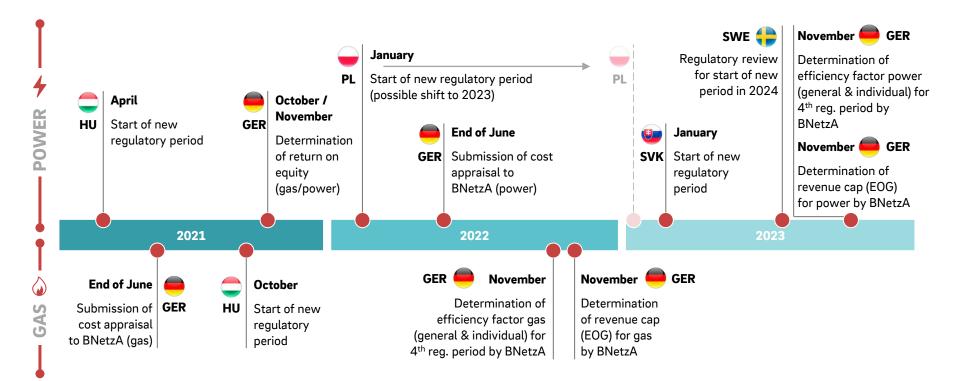
Building blocks of allowed revenues in Germany



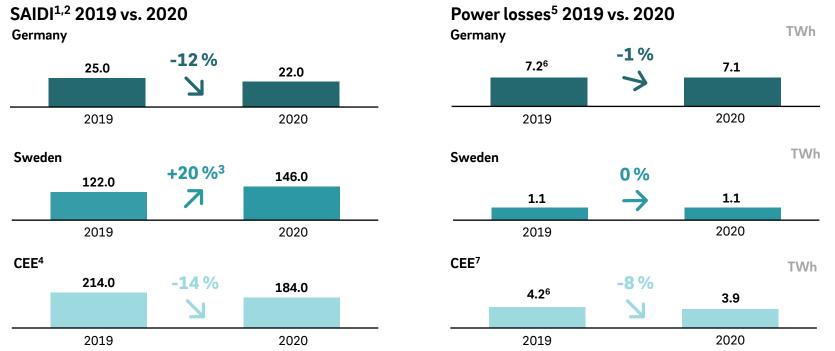
Schematic illustration for 2020 (power & gas) € bn

1. Old assets are those capitalized before January 1, 2006. New assets are those capitalized after January 1, 2006. Old assets are indexed up to 40% with asset-specific indices to determine the current costs. Relevant asset base for calculation of allowed return in 2020 is 2016 for power and 2015 for gas 2. Debt base consists of non-interest and interest bearing capital

Upcoming regulatory events in the next 3 years

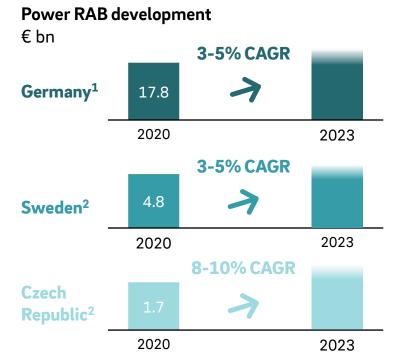


Continuous improvement in operative performance increases security of supply



1. System Average Interruption Duration Index (minutes per year) 2. Figures are for the respective previous year: 2020 for 2019, 2019 for 2018. Prior-year figures were adjusted to reflect a new calculation methodology 3. SAIDI increase due to weather related effects (e.g. a severe hurricane) in summer 2020 4. Calculated as arithmetic average of respective countries. 5. Aggregated values for innogy and E.ON from 2019 onward. 6. Prior-year figures have been adjusted due to the recalculation incl. innogy. 7. CEE covers Czechia, Hungary, Poland, Romania.

RAB growth further supported by local drivers



Local drivers



- Modernization
- Smartification

1. Assuming constant number of network concessions 2. Constant year-end 2020 FX-rate

Almost €60bn of potential EU funding for E.ON markets earmarked for climate – already 200 projects identified

Funding focus matching E.ON's core activities in customer centric energy infrastructure¹

- Efficient and decarbonized district heating and cooling systems
- Energy efficiency in the industry sector and for SMEs
- Renovation of private and public buildings (focus on schools and hospitals)

Smart grids

- Storage infrastructure
- Infrastructure for renewable energy
- Renewable hydrogen
- Smart and sustainable mobility

€58.4bn climate earmarking in E.ON markets²

200

€31.5bn digital earmarking in E.ON markets²

potential projects identified

| Member States - Specific | Preparation (Aug- Dec 2020) | Application (Jan ⁴ -Apr 2021) | Expected funds allocation (May-Jun 2021) |
|--|--|--|--|
| investment areas and instruments | Ongoing engagement of national governments with the EU Commission to draft plans | Submission of NRRPs ³ by Member States to EU Commission outlining national investment and reform agendas | Timeline and funding instruments vary between Member States, e.g. lengthy and competitive bidding procedures possible |

1. Under political negotiation, list simplified and not-exhaustive 2. €312.5 bn under Recovery and Resilience Facility (RRF) of which €157.7 bn are allocated to E.ON countries; climate earmarking rate of 37% resulting in €58.4 bn, digital earmarking of 20% resulting in €31.5 bn 3. National Recovery and Resilience Plans 4 According to the draft Regulation, the NRRP submission started officially on Oct 15th, but we expect Member States will submit after the EU legal framework is finalized, so likely starting in January. Source: European Commission

Today already 20 percent hydrogen blending in the gas network



Large scale prototype for 20% hydrogen blending for the first time in a German gas distribution network

First **laboratory tests** already conducted **successfully**



heater and other end devices of 350 customers tested during the project to prove feasibility

Complete operation will start in 2021



Project will be realized in a local subnetwork without technical enhancements

Proof laboratory test results (many different devices can be operated with up to 30% hydrogen admixture) in real life

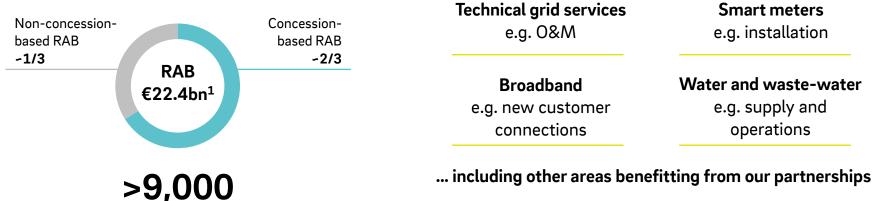
Make E.ON's gas network hydrogen ready

Leveraging strong partnerships and core competencies to drive additional businesses

Long-term partnerships with municipalities ...

concessions in Germany

... create a competitive edge for additional businesses



... including other areas benefitting from our partnerships

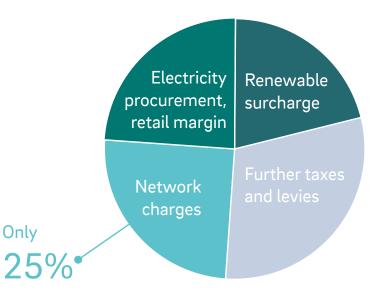
City Energy Solutions (CES)

Local heating and cooling solutions for municipalities, districts and single sites

1. German power and gas RAB

Network charges are only a small portion of German power price

Composition of average electricity price¹



Decarbonization currently not optimally supported, electricity disadvantaged

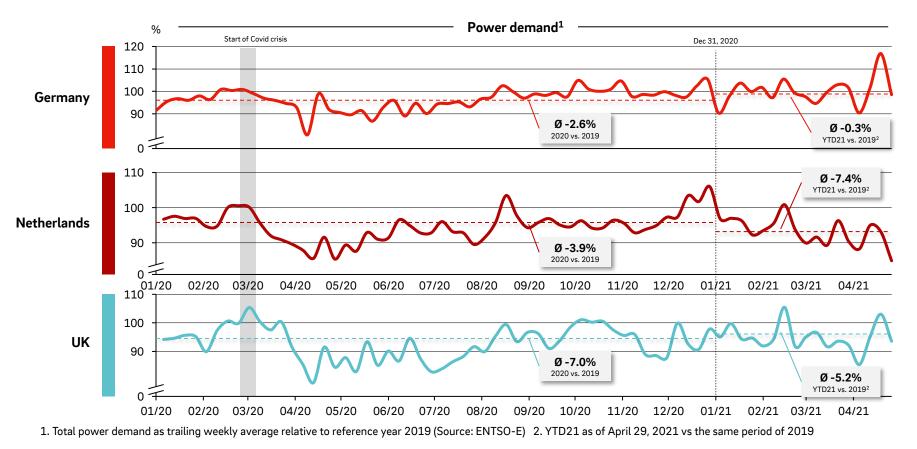
• Renewables surcharge to be borne by more customers

- Carbon minimum price or tax
- Electricity tax to be redesigned

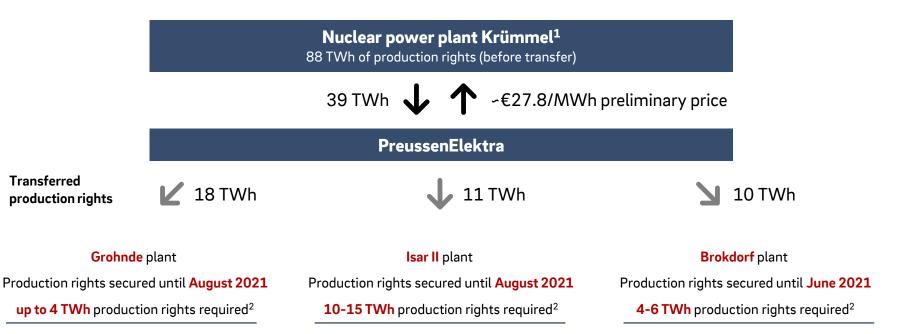


German power price needs to be 'cleaned up'

Different levels of power demand recovery across Europe



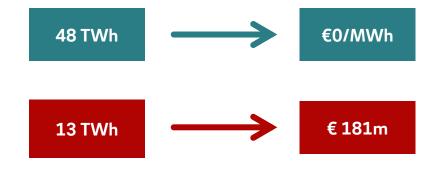
39 TWh of production rights for PreussenElektra already transferred – terms challenged



1. Krümmel OHG is a joint venture between E.ON and Vattenfall, each party owning 50% equity share 2. Volumes shown after transfer/purchase from Krümmel, excluding minority stakes (16.7% minorities in Grohnde, 20% in Brokdorf and 25% in Isar II), as of January 2021.

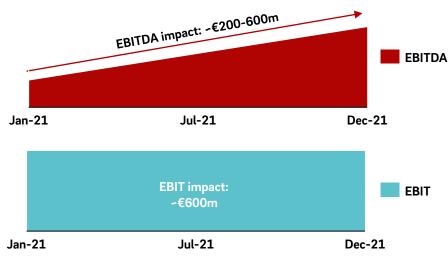
Settlement of all material remaining nuclear lawsuits at favorable terms

Agreement on costs for production rights



Impact on EBITDA from agreement on the use of production rights depends on timing of settlement; ∽€600m EBIT impact

<u>Mechanics</u>: Stop of production rights depreciation¹ at moment of settlement with respective increase of cash compensation (cash compensation = EBITDA impact)



<u>Key takeaways</u>

Effects <u>NOT</u> included in 2021 earnings guidance

- EBIT² impact: ~€600m independent from timing of settlement
- EBITDA² impact: ∽€200 to 600m dependent on timing of settlement
- EBITDA increases per quarter by ∽€100m, starting at €200m
- **~€450m Adj. Net Income impact** independent from timing of settlement
- **END impact**: ∽€400m in 2021 and ∽€100m in 2022
- Expected timing of settlement and inclusion in guidance: Q3 2021

Timing of settlement

1. For the 48 TWh production volumes that will be transferred for free under the agreement and have not yet been used until timing of settlement 2. Including €42.5m compensation for frustrated investments

Q1 2021 Results

Financial Appendix



Guidance overview

| €bn | FY 2020 | 2021 | 2021-2023 |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------------|---------------|
| EBITDA ¹ | 6.905 | 7.2-7.4 | 2-3% CAGR |
| Energy Networks | 5.199 | 5.0-5.2 | 7 |
| Customer Solutions | 1.006 | 1.4-1.6 | 7 |
| Non-Core | 0.925 | 0.8-1.0 | К |
| Corporate Functions & Other | -0.225 | ~-0.2 | R |
| EBIT ¹ | 3.776 | 3.8-4.0 | 8-10% CAGR |
| Core EBIT | 3.363 | | 11-13% CAGR |
| Energy Networks | 3.253 | 2.9-3.1 | 7 |
| Customer Solutions | 0.454 | 0.8-1.0 | 7 |
| Non-Core | 0.413 | 0.2-0.4 | R |
| Corporate Functions & Other | -0.344 | ~-0.3 | R |
| ANI ¹ | 1.638 | 1.7-1.9 | 12-14% CAGR |
| EPS ¹ | €0.63 | €0.65-0.73 | 12-14% CAGR |
| Dividend | €0.47 | up to 5% p.a. | up to 5% p.a. |
| Capex ² | 4.171 | -4.9 | -14 |
| Energy Networks | 3.386 | ~3.3 | ~10.3 |
| Customer Solutions | 0.790 | ~1.0 | ~2.8 |
| Debt factor | 5.9x | | 4.8x-5.2x |

1. Adjusted for non-operating effects 2. Cash-effective investments including Corporate Functions & Other and Non-Core

Segment outlook 2021

EBIT¹ key drivers 2021

Energy Networks

+ Reversal Covid-19 impact in 2020

Germany:

- Regulatory cycle

Sweden:

- = Ongoing regulatory period
- + Organic RAB growth

CEE & Turkey:

- + Slovakia: Full year contribution of VSEH
- Hungary: Restructuring (disposal ETI /ÉMÁSZ)

Customer Solutions

+ Reversal Covid-19 impact in 2020

Germany:

- ✤ Synergies ramp-up
- + Positive customer developments

UK:

 Restructuring UK (target ~100m GBP EBIT)

Other:

+ Business growth

Non-Core

PreussenElektra:

 Higher depreciation from purchase of production rights

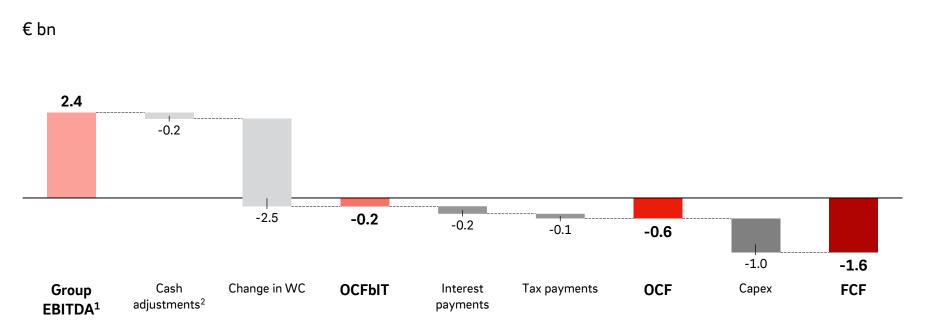
Financial highlights

| Q1 2020 | Q1 2021 | % YoY |
|---------|--|---|
| 17,665 | 18,402 | +4 |
| 2,195 | 2,445 | +11 |
| 1,456 | 1,655 | +14 |
| 678 | 809 | +19 |
| -400 | -241 | +40 |
| 918 | 971 | +6 |
| -40,736 | -40,776 | 0 |
| | 17,665 2,195 1,456 678 -400 918 | 17,665 18,402 2,195 2,445 1,456 1,655 678 809 -400 -241 918 971 |

1. Adjusted for non-operating effects 2. Economic Net Debt as per 31 March 2021 and 31 Dec 2020; Economic Net Debt definition takes into account the decommissioning provisions calculated with a real discount rate of 0.0% as opposed to IFRS AROs; bonds issued by innogy are recorded at their nominal value: the amount in the consolidated balance sheets is \pounds 2,1 bn (as of 31 Dec 2020) respectively \pounds 2.0 bn (as of 31 March 2021) higher

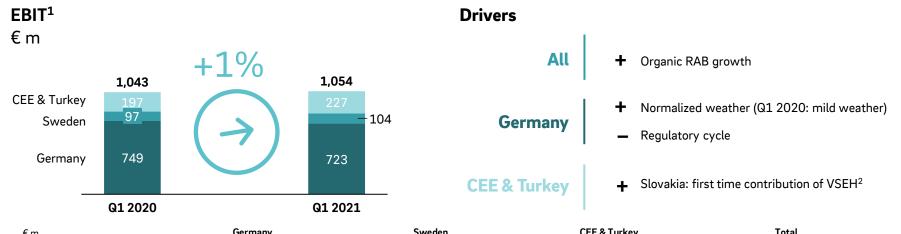


Operating cash flow seasonally low during the first quarter



1. Adjusted for non-operating effects 2. Incl. non-cash-effective EBITDA items, provision utilizations and payments related to non operating earnings

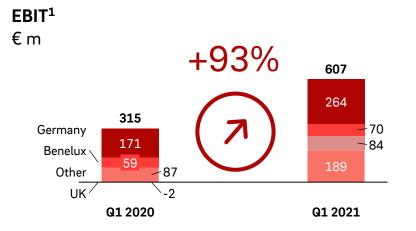
Divisions: Energy Networks



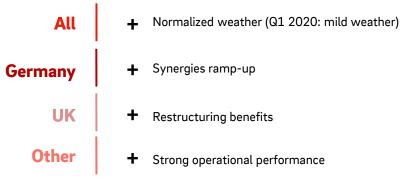
| €m | Germany | | | | Sweden | | | CEE & Turkey | | | Total | | |
|--------------------------------|---------|---------|---------------|---------|---------|-------|---------|--------------|---------------|---------|---------|--------------|--|
| | Q1 2020 | Q1 2021 | % Yo Y | Q1 2020 | Q1 2021 | % YoY | Q1 2020 | Q1 2021 | % Yo Y | Q1 2020 | Q1 2021 | % YoY | |
| Revenue | 3,746 | 3,755 | +0 | 235 | 263 | +12 | 687 | 762 | +11 | 4,668 | 4,780 | +2 | |
| EBITDA ¹ | 1,094 | 1,071 | -2 | 136 | 147 | +8 | 276 | 313 | +13 | 1,506 | 1,531 | +2 | |
| EBIT ¹ | 749 | 723 | -3 | 97 | 104 | +7 | 197 | 227 | +15 | 1,043 | 1,054 | +1 | |
| thereof equity-method earnings | 55 | 51 | -7 | 0 | 0 | - | 36 | 38 | +6 | 91 | 89 | -2 | |
| ОСҒЫТ | 372 | -58 | -116 | 149 | 186 | +25 | 215 | 218 | +1 | 736 | 346 | -53 | |
| Investments | 377 | 352 | -7 | 66 | 81 | +23 | 132 | 152 | +15 | 575 | 585 | +2 | |

1. Adjusted for non-operating effects 2. Slovakian business acquired from RWE in Q3 2020 as part of the innogy takeover

Divisions: Customer Solutions



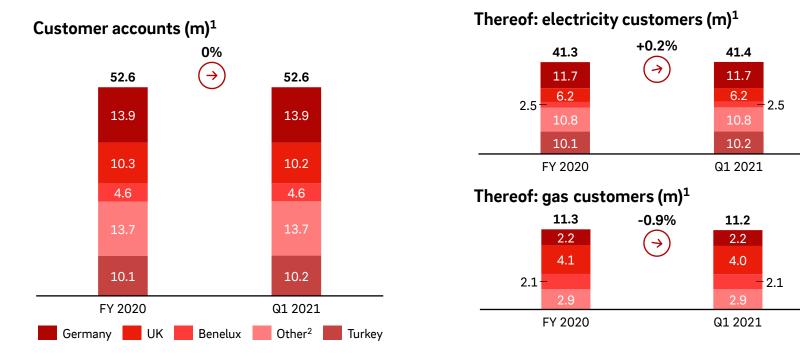
Drivers



| €m | | Germany | | | Benelux | | | UK | | | Other | | | Total | |
|--------------------------------|---------|---------|-------|---------|---------|-------|---------|---------|-------|---------|---------|-------|---------|---------|-------|
| | Q1 2020 | Q1 2021 | % YoY | Q1 2020 | Q1 2021 | % YoY | Q1 2020 | Q1 2021 | % YoY | Q1 2020 | Q1 2021 | % YoY | Q1 2020 | Q1 2021 | % YoY |
| Revenue | 6,129 | 6,479 | +6 | 947 | 1,046 | +10 | 4,574 | 4,341 | -5 | 2,743 | 2,970 | +8 | 14,393 | 14,836 | +3 |
| EBITDA ¹ | 199 | 296 | +49 | 74 | 85 | +15 | 32 | 111 | +247 | 137 | 247 | +80 | 442 | 739 | +67 |
| EBIT ¹ | 171 | 264 | +54 | 59 | 70 | +19 | -2 | 84 | +96 | 87 | 189 | +117 | 315 | 607 | +93 |
| thereof equity-method earnings | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 2 | +100 | - | - | - | 2 | 2 | - | 4 | 5 | +25 |
| ОСҒЫТ | -929 | -306 | +67 | -107 | -109 | -2 | 0 | -72 | - | -50 | 105 | +310 | -1,086 | -382 | +65 |
| Investments | 41 | 46 | +12 | 11 | 9 | -18 | 33 | 6 | -82 | 69 | 62 | -10 | 154 | 123 | -20 |

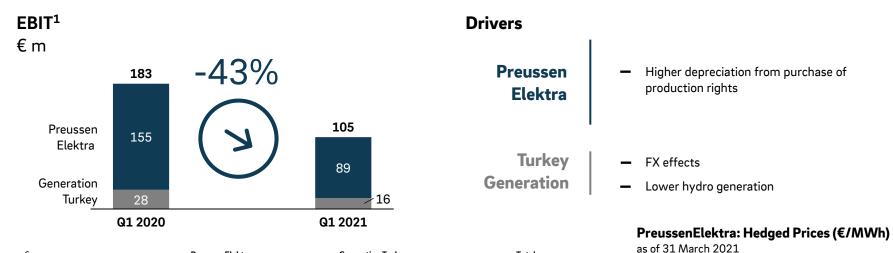
1. Adjusted for non-operating effects

Customer numbers B2B & B2C



1. Including at-equity participations 2. Incl. Sweden, Italy, Czech Republic, Hungary and Croatia, Romania, Poland, Slovakia

Non-Core business



2020

2021

2022

100%

92%

69%

| €m | €m PreussenElektra | | | | Generation Turkey | | | Total | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|---------|-------|---------|-------------------|-------|---------|---------|--------------|--|
| | Q1 2020 | Q1 2021 | % YoY | Q1 2020 | Q1 2021 | % YoY | Q1 2020 | Q1 2021 | % YoY | |
| Revenue | 386 | 377 | -2 | - | - | - | 386 | 377 | -2 | |
| EBITDA ¹ | 272 | 247 | -9 | 28 | 16 | -43 | 300 | 263 | -12 | |
| EBIT ¹ | 155 | 89 | -43 | 28 | 16 | -43 | 183 | 105 | -43 | |
| thereof equity-method earnings | 23 | 14 | -39 | 28 | 16 | -43 | 51 | 30 | -41 | |
| ОСҒЫТ | 79 | 152 | +92 | 0 | 32 | - | 79 | 184 | +133 | |
| Investments | 156 | 143 | -8 | - | | - | 156 | 143 | -8 | |

1. Adjusted for non-operating effects

89

45

44

47

Adjusted Net Income

| €m | Q1 2020 | Q1 2021 | % YoY |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------|--------------|
| EBITDA ¹ | 2,195 | 2,445 | +11 |
| Depreciation/amortization | -739 | -790 | -7 |
| EBIT ¹ | 1,456 | 1,655 | +14 |
| Economic interest expense (net) | -312 | -260 | +17 |
| EBT ¹ | 1,144 | 1,395 | +22 |
| Income Taxes on EBT ¹ | -286 | -349 | -22 |
| % of EBT ¹ | -25% | -25% | - |
| Non-controlling interests | -180 | -237 | -32 |
| Adjusted Net Income ¹ | 678 | 809 | +19 |

1. Adjusted for non-operating effects



Reconciliation of EBIT to IFRS Net Income

| €m | Q1 2020 | Q1 2021 | % YoY |
|--|---------|---------|--------------|
| EBITDA ¹ | 2,195 | 2,445 | +11 |
| Depreciation/Amortization/Impairments | -739 | -790 | -7 |
| EBIT ¹ | 1,456 | 1,655 | +14 |
| Interest result | -429 | -161 | +62 |
| Net book gains | 5 | 1 | -80 |
| Restructuring | -93 | -84 | +10 |
| Mark-to-market valuation of derivatives | -838 | 37 | +104 |
| Impairments (net) | 0 | 24 | - |
| Other non-operating earnings | -146 | -113 | +23 |
| Income/Loss from continuing operations before income taxes | -45 | 1,359 | +3,120 |
| Income taxes | -178 | -340 | -91 |
| Income/loss from continuing operations | -223 | 1,019 | +557 |
| Income/loss from discontinued operations, net | -89 | 0 | +100 |
| Net income/loss | -312 | 1,019 | +427 |
| Non-controlling interests | -126 | -218 | -73 |
| Net income/loss attributable to shareholders of E.ON SE | -438 | 801 | +283 |

1. Adjusted for non-operating effects



Cash-effective investments

| €m | Q1 2020 | Q1 2021 | % Yo Y |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------|---------------|
| Energy Networks | 575 | 585 | +2 |
| Customer Solutions | 154 | 123 | -20 |
| Corporate Functions & Other | 33 | 120 | +264 |
| Consolidation | 0 | 0 | - |
| Non-Core | 156 | 143 | -8 |
| Investments | 918 | 971 | +6 |
| | | | |



Economic Net Debt¹

| €m | 31 Dec 2020 | 31 Mar 2021 |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| Liquid funds | 4,795 | 4,240 |
| Non-current securities | 1,887 | 1,841 |
| Financial liabilities | -30,720 | -32,178 |
| Adjustment FX hedging ² | 82 | 371 |
| Net Financial Position | -23,956 | -25,726 |
| Provisions for pensions | -8,088 | -6,403 |
| Asset retirement obligations | -8,692 | -8,647 |
| Economic Net Debt | -40,736 | -40,776 |

1. Economic Net Debt definition takes into account the decommissioning provisions calculated with a real discount rate of 0.0% as opposed to IFRS AROs; bonds issued by innogy are recorded at their nominal value: the amount in the consolidated balance sheets is &2.2 bn higher 2. Net figure; does not include transactions relating to our operating business or asset management



Economic interest expense (net)

| €m | Q1 2020 | Q1 2021 | Difference (in € m) |
|--|---------|---------|------------------------|
| Interest from financial assets/liabilities | -280 | -251 | +29 |
| Interest cost from provisions for pensions and similar provisions | -23 | -16 | +7 |
| Accretion of provisions for retirement obligation and similar provisions | -11 | 0 | +11 |
| Construction period interests ¹ | 3 | 3 | -1 |
| Others | -1 | 5 | +6 |
| Net interest result | -312 | -260 | +53 |

1. Borrowing cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualified asset. Borrowing cost are interest costs incurred by an entity in connection with the borrowing of funds (interest rate: 3.11%)



Financial calendar & important links



Financial calendar

| May 19, 2021 | 2021 Virtual Annual Shareholder Meeting |
|-------------------|---|
| August 11, 2021 | Half-Year Financial Report: January – June 2021 |
| November 10, 2021 | Quarterly Statement: January – September 2021 |
| March 16, 2022 | Annual Report 2021 |
| May 11, 2022 | Quarterly Statement: January – March 2022 |

Important links

| Presentations | https://www.eon.com/en/investor-relations/presentations.html |
|-----------------------|--|
| Facts & Figures 2021 | https://www.eon.com/content/dam/eon//210324_Facts_and_Figures_final.pdf |
| Annual Reports | https://www.eon.com/en/investor-relations/financial-publications/annual-report.html |
| Interim Reports | https://www.eon.com/en/investor-relations/financial-publications/interim-report.html |
| Shareholder Meeting | https://www.eon.com/en/investor-relations/shareholders-meeting.html |
| Green Bond Framework | https://www.eon.com/en/investor-relations/bonds/green-bonds.html |
| Sustainability Report | https://www.eon.com/en/ueber-uns/nachhaltigkeit/nachhaltigkeitsbericht.html |

E.ON's Investor Relations Team

Analysts & Institutional Investors



Verena Nicolaus-Kronenberg Head of Investor Relations verena.nicolaus-kronenberg@eon.com +49 152 09331400



Martina Burger Manager Investor Relations martina.burger@eon.com +49 151 19773784



Martin Jäger Manager Investor Relations martin.jaeger@eon.com +49 162 2754355



Carmen Mombour Manager Investor Relations carmen.mombour@eon.com +49 151 16310345









Britta Wöhner Manager Investor Relations britta.woehner@eon.com +49 152 54607527

Daniel Schaller

+491716915869

Björn Siggemann

+49 175 1996123

Andreas Thielen

Manager Investor Relations

Manager Investor Relations

bjoern.siggemann@eon.com

Manager Investor Relations

andreas.thielen@eon.com

+49 151 67114918

daniel.schaller@eon.com

Event & Roadshow Management

Vanessa Brinkmann Assistant Investor Relations vanessa.brinkmann@eon.com +49 152 09340725

Nicola Schwarz Assistant Investor Relations nicola.schwarz@eon.com +49 151 16310338

General Contact: +49 201 184 2806 investorrelations@eon.com

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